SUSTAINABLE SEDIMENT MANAGEMENT AT THE CITY OF HELSINKI - FROM LOW-QUALITY SOILS INTO CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS

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In the City of Helsinki in Finland mass stabilization technology has been applied to improve the technical properties of the dredged sediment in order to utilize the material in construction. Fly ash from coal combustion has also been used as binder for the stabilisation.



Stabilisation Pools in West Harbour in Helsinki.

In West Harbour, in Helsinki, the dredged sediments were disposed to stabilization pools, mixed with binders by mass stabilization and then transported to final utilization sites - e.g., noise embankments and landscaping purposes. The stabilisation works in this site in 2011 and 2012 have allowed for the utilisation of about 110 000m³ of dredged sediments for the construction purposes. If not the project piloting, they would have to be deposited to landfill.

The use of mass stabilization method allows for the processing of low quality and polluted sediments into construction materials. Remarkable cost savings could be achieved by replacing part of cement with binders based on fly ash in the stabilization. The stabilization/ solidification binds also



contaminants effectively to a low-leaching state.

Ongoing Mass Stabilisation.



The stabilization technology requires technical and environmental material tests in the laboratory before the launch of construction works and followup studies afterward. Also an active quality control in all stages of work is indispensable.

Principle of Mass Stabilisation.

Jätkäsaari I and II pilots in the West Harbour in Helsinki are part of the five-year ABSOILS project which demonstrates the utilization of surplus and low-quality soils as construction materials. It is co-

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